



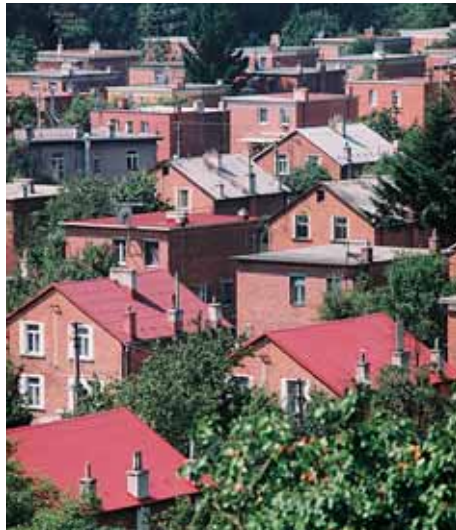
Magic of Variety

Zlín Region



Tourist guide to the region

Zlínsko Luhačovské Zálesí



Zlínsko Luhačovské Zálesí

The tourist regions of Zlínsko and Luhačovské Zálesí extend between the fertile basin of the Morava River, the Hostýnské and Vizovické vrchy (Hostýn and Vizovice Hills) and up to the slopes of the Bílé Karpaty (White Carpathians) on the Moravia-Slovakia border. The largest and best-known centre of the region is the city of Zlín, which to this day is an exceptional display of Functionalist urbanism. The surroundings of Zlín offer visitors an array of attractions and valuable historical monuments. The zoo and Zlín-Lešná Château are among the most popular excursion sites. Enthusiasts of the Middle Ages may also visit Malenovice Castle, where there are interesting historical, archaeological, and natural science collections from the Moravian territory. The historical route of the Baťův kanál (Baťa Canal) passes through the tourist region, partially following the course of the Morava River and in part along a newly excavated artificial channel, which branches off the river in Spytihněv. The nearby city of Vizovice is famous for the manufacture of incomparable beverages of the Rudolf Jelínek brand. The gem of Vizovice is the Baroque château from the 18th century, in which visitors may view a rich collection from the lives of the château nobility and an extensive painting gallery. The “Pearl of Moravia” – Spa Luhačovice, a magical city amidst parks and buildings with elements of Moravian folk architecture, will dazzle every visitor. The rich cultural life, excursions into the surroundings, hiking, cycle touring, and water recreation on the local reservoir make this city one of the most popular tourist destinations in the Czech Republic. Almost half of the territory of the Zlín Region is occupied by the south-eastern parts of the CHKO Bílé Karpaty (White Carpathian Protected Scenic Area). Here you’ll find romantic natural hideaways with rare plants and animals. In the middle of a blossoming Carpathian meadow, with views of alpine ridges and valleys, visitors can revel in the beauty and originality of this region. The original wooden architecture of hamlets, village chapels, churches, monuments to Moravian history, tradition, all make this region alluring.

Zlínsko and Luhačovské Zálesí



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Zlín Region - the magic of diversity



Please accept our invitation to take a short tour through the Zlín Region. This region is famous for its beautiful nature, interesting monuments and living folklore traditions. The natural axis of this region is the broad valley of the Morava River. To the west rise the Chřiby Hills, to the east are the Hostýn and Vizovice Hills and the border zone of the White Carpathians, the Javorník and Beskyd Mountains. Both in name and concept these are for fans of nature, hikers, cyclists, and skiers. History enthusiasts can admire the monuments of the Great Moravian Empire, the well-built châteaux and castles, important pilgrimage sites, as well as monuments to modern architecture and abundant folk buildings. Today in the Zlín Region there are living Slovácko, Valašsko and Haná traditions. These are not just performances for tourists but the authentic contemporary life of Slovácko, Kroměřížsko and Valašsko as well as Zlínsko.

These very four distinct regions together shape the diversity through which we hope to lead you:

If you visit Slovácko, you will find yourself in the middle of an archaeological monument from the Great Moravian era, you can admire the majestic Buchlov Castle, contemplate the Velehrad basilica – a significant pilgrimage site, or make merry in one of the many wine cellars. By bike or on foot you can come to know the picturesque land of Komenský, beech forests and the blossoming meadows of the White Carpathians and the rocks of the Chřiby Hills.



Valašsko

Slovácko

Along the Baťa Canal from Slovácko, you can set out against the current to Otokovice in Zlínsko. The name of the canal reminds us of the most famous local native who built the heart of his global empire here and made his irreplaceable mark on the features of this land. Functionalist Baťa architecture is one of the great attractions you'll find here, but one mustn't forget the fairytale chateau in Lešná surrounded by a well-known zoological garden, the Vizovice Chateau or the illustrious spa centre – Luhačovice.

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Not far from here lies the border of Valašsko. What skier, cyclist or hiker does not know Pustevny, Radhošť, Velké Karlovice? And which lover of folk architecture and tradition could resist a visit to the Valašské muzeum v přírodě (Wallachian Open-Air Museum) or the renowned Rožnov skansen? Through the historical cities of Vsetín or Valašské Meziříčí you may continue east to the fertile Haná plain.

The direction leads you infallibly to the famed pilgrimage site of Hostýn. On a trip to Kroměříž you may view the unique Jewish monument in Holešov and the local château park, the open-air museum in nearby Rymice or the Chropýň Château. The heart of this part of the region is the city of the Olomouc archbishops – Kroměříž. Among the local landmarks undoubtedly belong the archbishop's château with its wonderful gardens, which have come under the protection of UNESCO as part of the world cultural heritage.

The Zlín Region is a place you can visit at any time of the year and you will always find something new.

Come and get to know the magic of diversity.

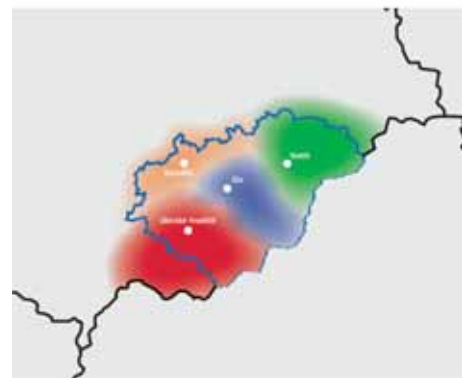


Kroměřížsko

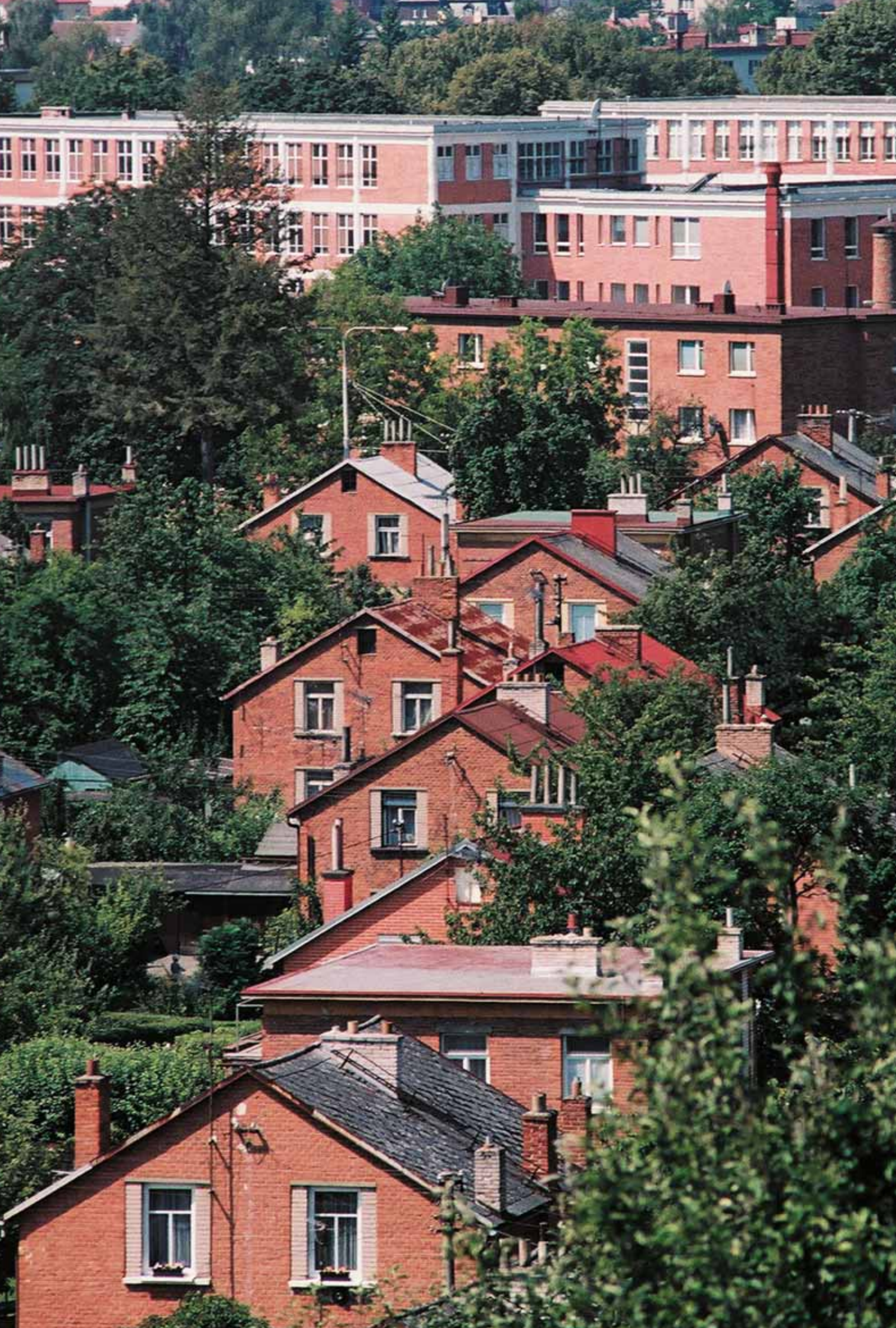


**Zlínsko
and Luhačovské Zálesí**

ZLÍNSKO AND LUHAČOVSKÉ ZÁLESÍ



Discover the Zlín region...



Zlín



*On the trail
of Tomáš Baťa*



Garden city

■ The modern and relatively young city of Zlín is interesting particularly for its unique Functionalist architecture. The typical exposed red bricks, which are the basic building components of Baťa houses set in the all-encompassing greenery, reinforced concrete skeletons, flat roofs and steel windows – these are characteristic of most landmark buildings in the city. The urban monument zone contains a total of 1,750 buildings. These include the city neighbourhoods of Zálešná, Podvesná, Díly, Lazy, Lesní čtvrť, Letná, the centre of the city and the factory area. Building 21 was declared a cultural monument – the Zlín skyscraper with its mobile office for the boss of the company. Included in interesting buildings are the Baťa villa, Malá scéna (Small Stage), Velké kino (Grand Cinema), Dům umění (House of Arts), Hotel Moskva, Kolektivní dům (Collective House), Zimní lázně (Winter Spa), Filmové ateliéry (Film Studio) and an array of private villas of Baťa managers (Čipera, Hlavniček), architects (Karfík) and other famous personalities (Zikmund, Hanzelka, Liška).

View on Baťa duplexes

Town Hall – Peace Square

Skyscraper – entrance

On the trail of Tomáš Baťa



Skyscraper

Immovable cultural
monument

■ The Zlín skyscraper, known as “twenty-one”, was completed in 1938 according to a design by architect Vladimír Korfík. This 72 m high building was the highest building in Czechoslovakia before the war. A real technical treat is the lift, (the office of T. Baťa) 5 x 5 metres in dimension with airconditioning and a washbasin. Tube mail and electrical outlets on the floor are a matter of course. Today, the culmination of Korfík’s work is a immovable cultural monument from the Functionalist period.



Skyscraper – night view

Interior of the skyscraper – lift (office of T. Baťa)



*On the trail
of Tomáš Baťa*



House of Arts

■ This monument was built in the spirit of Zlín Functionalism, the author was the famous Zlín architect F. L. Gahura. This memorial to Tomáš Baťa, Gahura's most powerful architectonic work, is a modern imitation of High Gothic: only the buttress system and colourful stained glass, reinforced concrete skeleton and glass. Today, it houses the Bohuslav Martinů Philharmonic Orchestra (an eighty member orchestra ranking among the leading Czech symphonic orchestras) and the Regional Gallery of Creative Arts in Zlín (focused on Czech art of the 19th and 20th centuries, the problems of Zlín between the wars, its architecture and urbanism). Annual events include a competition for young concert artists, the Talentinum, and the Zlín Musical Spring.

House of Arts – facade

Regional Gallery of Creative Arts – interior

Bohuslav Martinů Philharmonic Orchestra – interior

T. Baťa Villa

On the trail of Tomáš Baťa

■ Construction on the villa began in 1901 by the firm of František Novák from Vizovice, according to his own plans. Tomáš Baťa was not satisfied with the result, however, and just prior to its completion, he had the villa revised by a professor of the Prague Academy of Creative Arts, the architect Jan Kotěra. It was completed in 1911 according to one of Kotěra's designs. The painter Kysela contributed to the decor of the interior, the garden was designed by the architect Thomayer. In 1926, part



of the interior was modified by Gahura, in 1937 a garage was added and one year later the architect Karfík designed a pool in the garden. In 1998, the reconstructed villa was opened ceremoniously. Today individual rooms bearing the names of the protagonists (J. Baťa, D. Čipera, M. Baťová, H. Vavrečka etc.) house business meetings, meetings of the administrative and supervisory boards, various social and educational events, presentations, chamber concerts and exhibitions.

On the trail of Tomáš Baťa



Shoe Museum

■ With more than a thousand exhibits, the displays of the Obuvnické muzeum introduce visitors to footwear past and present, the development of shoe production and the history of the cobbler's craft. The collection fund follows the development of footwear from the oldest eras of Czech history to the present. The earliest footwear is captured by means of replicas. The oldest originals date from the end of the 16th century. The collection of footwear from foreign nationalities is quite rare. These are concentrated in various types of footwear from all continents of the globe. Probably the most unique is a collection of textile slippers from the age of the Chinese empire, while the collection of ataman shoes procured in 1911, a collection of African sandals and a large collection of footwear from India are also very interesting. The most popular exhibit for visitors is the pair of emu feather and human hair sandals, which served for ritual ceremonies in central Australia. The most extensive and seemingly the most utilitarian collection from the collection fund of the Obuvnické muzeum is the collection of footwear from the production of the Baťa Company. This collection follows the development of the production from the founding of the plant in 1894 to 1945, when the shoe complex was nationalized.

Château courtyard – wine bar

Château – residence of the Muzeum jihovýchodní Moravy



Zlín Château

Historical review

■ Zlín Château stands on the site of a former medieval stronghold. The originally Renaissance building was rebuilt into Baroque form in the 18th century. Currently, three permanent exhibitions are housed in the Zlín château. The first is an exhibition devoted to the ethnography, folklore, linguistics and education of František Bartoš. In the second exhibition, called “S inženýry Hanzelkou a Zikmundem” (With Engineers Hanzel and Zikmund), the five continents are presented alongside the personal documents and information as well as some parts of the gear of these famous Czech travellers. Finally, the third exhibit, called “Zlínské Filmové studio od reklamy k tvorbě pro děti” (The Zlín Film Studio from Advertising through Creations for Children) presents the Zlín Film Studio including the work of Hermína Týrlová and Karel Zeman. Other museum exhibitions are located in the Obuvnické muzeum and the Malenovice Castle. The Muzeum jihovýchodní Moravy ve Zlíně (Museum of Southeastern Moravia in Zlín) also administers the Národní kulturní památník Ploština (Ploština National Cultural Monument).

*Just a few steps
for culture
and education*



Culture

■ An integral part of the cultural life of Zlín is the array of international festivals focused on film, theatre, creative arts and folklore. Among the traditional city institutions are the Městské divadlo Zlín (Zlín City Theatre) and the Filharmonie Bohuslava Martinů (Bohuslav Martinů Philharmonic Orchestra). In addition to these are other institutions – Krajská galerie (Regional Gallery), the Muzeum jihovýchodní Moravy, alternative Malá scéna (Small Stage), dozens of private galleries, folklore groups, modern rock clubs and art agencies. Among the most interesting cultural events in Zlín is the Mezinárodní festival filmů pro děti a mládež (International Film Festival for Children and Youths), which is the oldest event of its kind in the world. Every year at the beginning of May, the Zlín theatre arranges the Setkání-Stretnutie international theatre festival. The Festival dechových a folklorních souborů (Festival of Brass and Folklore Groups) and the Zlínské besedování (international festival of music and dance) are held in the summer. The festival of popular music, Zlíntalent, is intended for young singers and musical composers. Also unique is the display of modern creative arts, the Nový Zlínský salon.

FEDO – Festival of Brass and Folklore Groups

International Film Festival for Children and Youths – 2006

Zlínské besedování – group Kašava

*Just a few steps
for culture
and education*



Building of Tomáš Baťa University in Zlín – Jižní Svahy
– interior, exterior



UTB

■ Tomáš Baťa University in Zlín, with 8,500 students, ranks among the medium-sized universities in the Czech Republic. The former Technological Faculty began existence in 1969 as part of the VUT in Brno and graduated hundreds of professionals primarily for the rubber and plastics industries. The university is named after Tomáš Baťa. His son, Canadian businessman Tomáš Baťa jr., now heads the administrative board of the university.



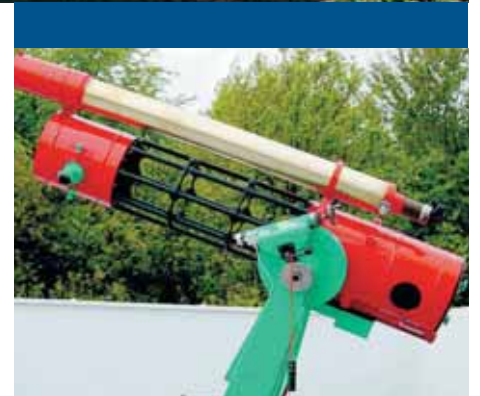


Observatory – building after reconstruction

The universe within reach

Observatory

■ The new Zlín observatory replaced the old observatory, which was demolished during the reconstruction of Gymnázium Zlín, on the grounds of which it was located. The construction took 3 years and its owner is the city of Zlín. Since the beginning of 2004 the observatory has been operated by ZAS (Zlín Astronomical Society) and once again they are offering their services to the public (especially the popularization of astronomy). Zlín observatory offers the following services to the public: Observations for the public, regular lectures, astronomy circles, astronomy camp, weekend events, etc.





The smell of gas and victory



Barum rally Zlín

■ The amateur competition, which began the writing of “barumka” history in 1971, subsequently grew into part of the automobile racing championship of the former Czechoslovak Socialist Republic. Top domestic and international pilots meet regularly at the end of August on the contemporarily conceived and sportingly valuable course. Gradually, the short tests have disappeared and today, the “barumka” plays out with a relatively low number of stages. But it is driven over truly the best the region has to offer today for the racing competition. Spectators are invited to Slušovice or to lively shows in the urban race in the streets of the region’s cities.

Barum rally Zlín – race

Victory celebration – in front of the town hall

Sport activities

Offered for active movement is the Stezka Zdraví (Health Trail) to Tlustá hora, which provides a number of options for active leisure time - running, cycle touring, children's games, body building, working out, family outings and walks. One attraction is the suspended cable bridge. Built above Lesní čtvrť is the new Areál Lazy trail, good for jogging, hiking, cycle touring, and other activities. In addition to wandering in nature, cycling rides or boating on the Baťa Canal, the city and surrounding neighbourhoods offer dozens of playgrounds. In addition to the athletic stadium, pool, winter stadium, golf course, rugby field and squash court, also available directly above Zlín is an 800-metre long ski slope with an artificial surface. Ice hockey also has a strong tradition in Zlín.

Spa Kostelec – aerial view of the area

Cycling route – not just for cyclists

Golf course – part of the Spa Kostelec area



Time spent actively



Malenovice Castle

■ Hrad Malenovice is one of the best-known historical monuments of the Zlín region. It is possible to tour the castle interiors (the painted hall with Late Gothic vaults and preserved inscriptions from the 1st half of the 16th century, domestic chapel with paintings from the middle of the 18th century, furnishings of the office for the Malenovice estate). The castle tower is also open to the public. Housed in the castle are the exhibits of the Muzeum jihovýchodní Moravy ve Zlíně – “Hrady jihovýchodní Moravy” (Castles of Southeastern Moravia), “Šternberkové v Malenovicích a Pohořelicích 1804-1945” (The Šternberks in Malenovice and Pohořelice, 1804 -1945), “Pravěk jihovýchodní Moravy” (Prehistory of Southeastern Moravia). In the last exhibition mentioned, there are even reconstructions of skeletons and cremation tombs. In the building opposite the castle (the former gamekeeper’s lodge) is a newly opened exhibition “Dřevo, proutí, sláma” (Wood, Wicker, Straw). During the tourist season, Malenovice Castle arranges concerts, theatrical performances, and appearances by a group of historic swordsmen.

A trip to the Middle Ages



Castle tower – open to the public

Gothic vault – with inscriptions from the 16th century

Castle interior – exhibition



Tečovice Church

Romanesque church

■ Probably the oldest structural monument of the Zlín region is the small original Romanesque church, whose foundations were recently discovered. Built on its site in the 2nd half of the 13th century was the current Church of St. James the Greater. The nave and the presbytery are decorated with the original wall paintings. These frescoes were painted sometime in the 14th century. According to experts, a number of artists contributed to their creation. The entire nave except for its front wall was decorated with frescoes. Also significant is the Gothic portal, whose origin is attributed to the construction of an ironworks in the Cistercian monastery in Velehrad. The small church belongs among the most valuable ecclesiastical objects, both historically and culturally, of southeastern Moravia.



Zoo and Zlín- -Lešná château

Zoological garden – fauna



Zoological garden

■ The Zlín zoological garden ranks among the most beautiful locations in all of Moravia. The grounds of the zoo spread out over the historic park. It has been 200 years since its founding and exotic animals have been kept here for 75 years. Today's zoo offers a unique collection of 210 animal species other zoos do not have. One original aspect is the division of the grounds according to individual continents. During peak season (from May to September), interviews with keepers provide interesting facts about animal life. These take place during feeding and visitors may also observe animals from a closer proximity. Individual stops follow one after another in a firmly fixed chronology. A visit to the Zlín zoo is made even more pleasant by four stylized, covered restaurants. For children, there is a large play corner, with a bouncy castle, slides and swings. The zoo even offers train rides, pony and camel rides and a large souvenir shop. A series of cultural events is also held here throughout the year.

*Flora and fauna
of the entire world*



Château

Magical Oriental objects

■ A unique addition to the zoological garden is the Lešná château. It was built at the end of the 19th century by Austrian nobles, the Seilern family. Lešná Château surprises visitors primarily with its rich woodcarving adornment of the interiors and the extensive collection of Oriental objects, paintings and porcelain. It is also popular due to the possibilities for holding wedding ceremonies here, which take place in the Hall of the Ancestors. The château is surrounded by a lovely, historical park, in which more than 1,140 plant species and variants are cultivated. This provides for walks under the canopies of centuries-old trees, as well as seating in romantic nooks.



Lešná château- facade

Interior - exhibitions

Lukov

Romantic ruins



Ruins

Some of the largest castle ruins in the southern edge of the foothills of the Hostýnské vrchy (Hostýn Hills) lie about 2km north of the village of Lukov. The original castle was founded in the 1st quarter of the 13th century on a relatively narrow rock ridge and due to its position and execution, it was a unique phenomenon for the architecture of that time. The partially reconstructed castle is surrounded by a beautiful beech forest and the sandstone rocks are popular among mountain climbers. Various cultural events take place in the castle (Šermířské dny [Sword Fighting Days] or eerie nighttime tours)

Sword Fighting Days – performances

Ruins – view from the tower with the bridge



Jasenná



Mikuláštkovo fojtství – timbered building typical of Valašsko

Mikuláštkovo fojtství – permanent exhibition of rural life in Valašsko

Bailiff's House

■ The Mikuláštko bailiff's house ranks among the most valuable monuments to Carpathian culture not just in Zlínsko, but in the entire region. The bailiff's house, built in 1748, is a typical timbered construction with a gallery in the facade. Housed in the bailiff's house is an exhibition on the history of the village, the surrounding villages and rural life in Valašsko. Standing at the bailiff's house is a statue of Portáš, the work of sculptor Stanislav Mikuláštko. The village of Jasenná was famous in the past for woven baskets – circular, not too deep baskets from ribs with multi-purpose uses in agricultural farmsteads. In addition to these, simple beds and wooden spoons from ribs were also manufactured in the village. Drying in wooden kilns, canning jam and distilling plum brandy continue to this day.

The heritage of our predecessors

Štípa



Meeting with Dutch folk culture

■ The stone Dutch-style windmill above the village of Štípa was built in the years 1858-60 by an old inhabitant, Kristián Kovář, on land purchased from the village. He built the entire building as well as the grinding equipment, along with his son. The mill ground flour for farmers of surrounding villages until the Second World War. After the war it still served for several years for scrapping. In 1964, the owner had to entrust the mill to state monument care, which then repaired the mill. After 1989, the mill was returned to the descendants of the original owners. Inside, the equipment is complete and has been adapted for milling as well as for propelling a circular saw. The diameter of the cylindrical building is 6m, its height 8.1m. The wind wheel has a diameter of 10m and the sails are 3.6m long. The gearing from the cog wheel to the head is 1:7. The diameter of the millstone is 0.8 m and the height of the stones is 0.3m and 0.12m. The mill is currently under reconstruction.



Church

■ Construction on the Baroque pilgrimage Church of the Birth of the Blessed Virgin Mary in Štípa was begun in 1616 by Albrecht of Valdštejn. This single-nave church with two side chapels was completed and ceremoniously consecrated in 1765. The church, together with the adjacent monastery, is a unique architectonic object and the landmark of this local part of the Zlín municipality. The interior of the church has remained authentically preserved and forms an artistically uniform whole, entirely unique in the Zlín district. The gracious figure of the Blessed Virgin of Štípa is located at the main altar, dating from the beginning of the 14th century. The celebrated pilgrimage to Štípa is also related to this statue. Currently, a spiritual renewal of the once famous pilgrimage site is underway.



*Baroque
grandeur*





Vizovice



Vizovice château – Baroque and Classicist styles

Château park – garden in French and English styles with sculptures by Ondřej Schweigl

Château interior – part of the interiors includes an extensive and very valuable collection of paintings and graphic works

Life in a noble court

Vizovice Château

■ The best-known monument in Vizovice is the château. In the middle of the 18th century, Heřman Hanibal from Blümegen had it designed by the architect F. A. Grimm in the then modern French style. The rich château interiors are furnished with furniture in Baroque, Rococo, Empire and Biedermeier styles, with ample porcelain, an extensive painting collection with a rare set of works by Dutch artists, and a series of other valuable objects. The interior of the chapel in the left wing of the château is the work of the master of Moravian sculpture, Ondřej Schweigl, whose sculptures also adorn the château park, which is open year round.

A stopover for plum brandy



Wallachian "plums"

Distillery Land

■ An essential part of Vizovice is a glass of plum brandy or natural beer prepared according to traditional recipes. The company RUDOLF JELÍNEK a.s. highly respects the tradition of distilling, the beginnings of which stretch back to the second half of the 16th century, and would like to bring it closer to the public. That's why the firm has decided to actively devote itself to the area of tourism and is building an excursion and visitors' centre, Distillery Land. The main focus of the Distillery Land project is to approach the tradition and art of turning fruit harvests into quality distillate and the presentation of the original "factory", where the tradition of production procedures is linked to the most modern technology. The tour includes the visitor's centre with an outlet store, a cinema hall, a growers' distillery, a homogenisation facility with giant wooden vats (maturing the spirits), the bottler (filling bottles) and a tasting room. Also available are connoisseur alternatives with a tour of rectification (refining the spirits) and a distillery for the initial distilling process, including fermentation. Part of the tour includes tasting the products. Each visitor receives a gift of a miniature bottle as a souvenir. Annually, on the last weekend of August, the grounds of Rudolf Jelínek are taken over by the Trnkobraní celebration. The highlight of Trnkobraní is the world-renowned competition in eating plum dumplings. The competition is so original that in addition to thousands of excited viewers, the Czech and foreign media show a strong interest.

After dinner regeneration

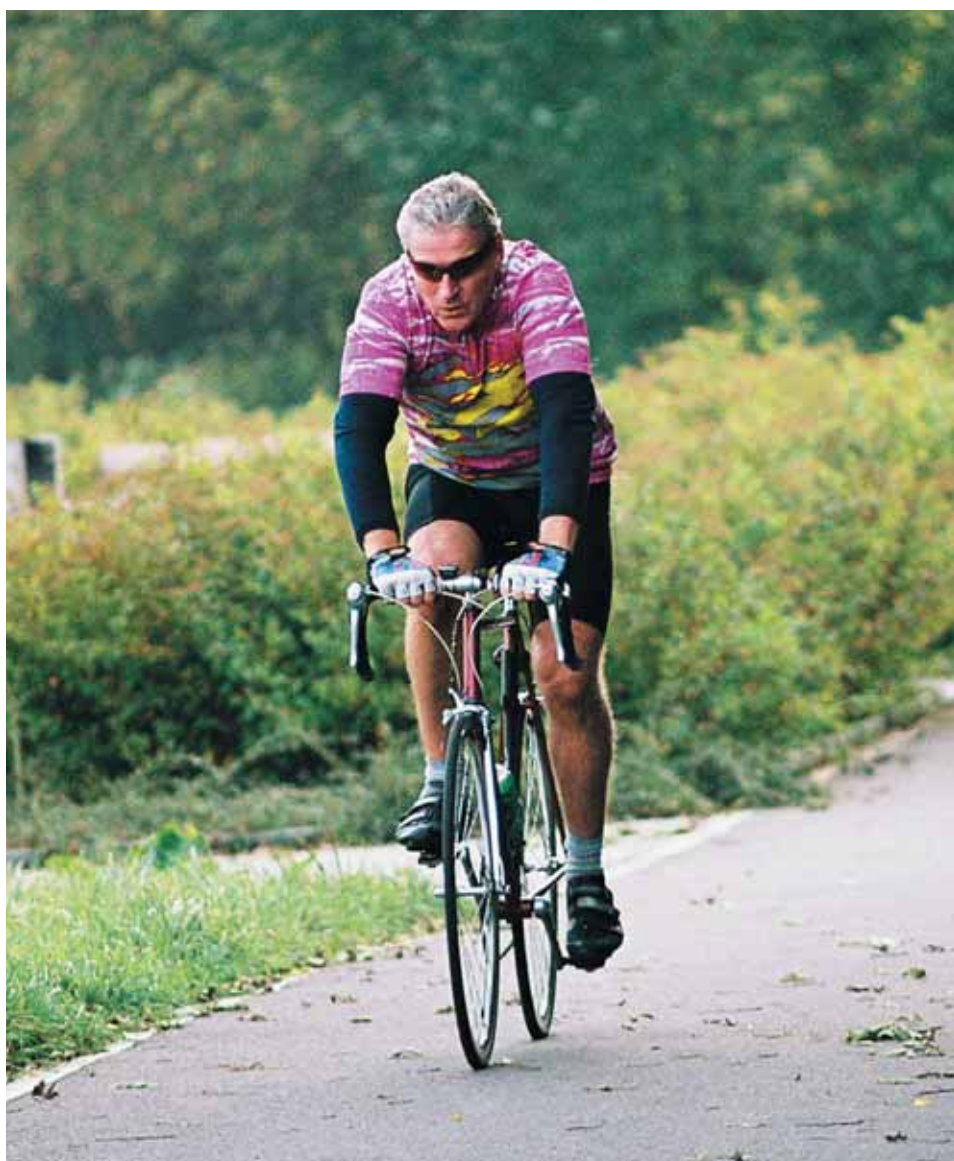
Sport activities

■ About a half a kilometre from the centre of Vizovice is a sport area with tennis courts, a playground and a swimming pool. Free time can be filled by hiking up Barák hill along an educational trail. The ideal view of the city and into the surroundings is facilitated by an accessible iron tower. With 7 stops, the Vizovické prameny (Vizovice springs) educational trail presents the historical and natural science sights of Vizovice and the areas south of the town. It is appropriate for hikers as well as cyclists and it is 14 km long.



Cycling route – not just for cyclists

Vizovice region – protected region



Otrokovice Spytihněv



Water recreation

Boating

■ Thanks to its broad natural water surface, the recreational area of Štěrковиště on the northern edge of the town of Otrokovice provides a unique opportunity for sport and relaxation. Surrounding the predominant parts of the reservoir is a recreation area with a slide and essential facilities for rest and refreshment. The Baťa kanál (Baťa Canal) is a historic water route, realized in the 1930s for increasing the depth of ground water, irrigation and boating. Today, it is open and links 48 km of the original route of the Baťa Canal and 17 km of connected river kilometres. The towns of Otrokovice and Petrov are linked by water, with 10 locks in between them. In the vicinity of Spytihněv, it is possible to rent small boats and sail along the Baťa Canal. It is possible to take advantage of this for individual programmes, school outings, excursions, company events, presentations and weddings on boats. The regular all-day Sunday voyages – Veselí nad Moravou – Strážnice and back – are not just for family outings. This voyage also enables one to visit to the open-air museum and chateau, with bicycle rental for the return trip.

Baťa Canal – boating

Baťa Canal – night voyage

Štěrковиště – recreational reservoir with waterslide

Napajedla



*A town
of many
faces*

At the meeting of the Chřiby hills and the Carpathians

■ The square in Napajedla is dominated by the Neo-renaissance town hall. The work of architect Dominik Fey celebrated its centennial anniversary in 2004. One hundred years ago, Franta Úprka contributed to the decoration on the town hall with a statue of St. George, the patron saint of Napajedla, and Jano Kohler with stained glass windows and the ceramic face of the tower clock. Another monument is the Late Baroque chateau built in the years 1760-69, part of which is the adjacent park, a Baroque fountain, a well and stone urns in the courtyard. The chateau is currently privately owned and is closed to the public. Only the chateau park is open to the public (the park is in English and French styles and is valuable chiefly for its composition and character). An unusual and popular feature of the vicinity is the grazing herds of horses. The tradition of breeding English purebreds in Napajedla has lasted without interruption for nearly 120 years. In summer, the administration of the stud farm arranges excursions for organized groups. In the vicinity of the pasturage on Pěnné, on an oxbow of the Morava river, lies the Pahrbek recreation centre. Other options for swimming include the nearby sand and gravel pit lake.

Chateau – Late Baroque, residence of the Rotal, Kobenc, Stockau and Baltazzi families.

Town Hall – Neo-renaissance building, architect Dominik Fey

St. George – František Úprka (town hall detail)



Luhačovice



Jurkovičův dům – classic symbol of the town

Collonade – this is 130 metres long and 13 metres wide, according to the design of architect O. Poříška

View of Hotel Palace – the largest spa house

Spa procedures – these are for everyone

Spa Town

*Unique
genius loci*

■ The largest Moravian spa, Luhačovice lies 25 km to the south-east of Zlín on the Horní Olšava river. It is famous for its superb wealth of medicinal mineral springs, lovely and pristine nature (CHKO Bílé Karpaty) and unique architecture, primarily the buildings of Dušan Jurkovič. Thanks to its diverse richness, Luhačovice is the most popular goal for domestic and foreign tourists; not just for treatment but also for experiences related to the area's rich culture, social and sport options.



Springs

■ Unique natural attractions on the territory of Luhačovice bubble forth 16 sodium hydrocarbonate acidulous springs and one sulphurous spring. Each hour, 15,000 litres of mineral water reach the surface here! Some of the springs are open to the public, such as Vincentka, Ottovka, Aloiska, the springs of Dr. Šťastný and St. Joseph; others, for example Janovka, Elektra, Jubilejní, Sírný, Jaroslava, are used for bathing and inhalation in treatment facilities. As the most intrinsic symbols of the city, the springs and water form parts of the most monumental structure of Lázeňské náměstí, Velké kolonády (Great Colonnade), built according to a design by O. Poříška. The celebrated Bruselská fontána (Brussels Fountain) (created by Jan Kavan, was brought from EXPO 58 in Brussels, hence the name Bruselská) was brought to the spa park in 1960.

*Path
to medicinal
mineral
water*

Style architecture

Dušan Jurkovič

■ At the beginning of the 20th century, the Slovak architect Dušan Jurkovič, inspired by Wallachian architecture, gave the spa its distinctive character of half-timbered architecture. His work is represented by these buildings - Vodoléčebný ústav (Water Treatment Institute) with a spa pool and sunbaths, Jurkovičův dům, a Secessionist building with frescoes of St. Cyril and St. Methodius along the side facades, dům Jestřábí (Hawk House), vila Chaloupka, vila Valaška, which now serves as a spa hotel.

Jurkovičův dům – typical example of Jurkovič's creations

Arbour – for a restful moment





Cultural experiences

■ Luhačovice lives a rich cultural life year-round. The peak season opens with “Slavnost otevírání pramenů” (Celebration of the Opening of the Springs). The musical festival “Janáček and Luhačovice” is held annually in the town. July and August are famous thanks to the violin courses of Václav Hudeček and presents chamber groups at Divadelní Luhačovice. In September, the town hosts an international review of children’s folklore groups. The cultural selection is supplemented by programmes in the Spa Theatre and the Elektra cultural house. The social life includes interesting exhibitions of paintings and sculptures in local galleries. The museum presents a unique collection of documents of the traditional folk culture of the Luhačovské Zálesí ethnographic region. Folk architecture and costumes are documented in the watercolours of Ferdyš Duša, the studies of Jožka Úprka and František Hlavica and the documentary and creatively valuable photography from the Václavík archive.

Spa life

Opening of the Springs – dulcimer music of Malé Zálesí

Opening of the Springs – Dr. Šťastný spring

Concert Music of the Castle Guard – parade through the town



Faith in rest

Sport activities

■ Luhačovice and its vicinity provide many opportunities for sport – there are starting points for hiking and biking trails into the White Carpathians. Sport facilities provide options for playing tennis, squash, mini-golf, skittles, bowling, visits to a sauna and some of the many relaxation and fitness centres. It has the modern and well-equipped sport grounds of Radostova with quality accommodation, dining, relaxation and regeneration for professional as well as amateur athletes (hall for ball games, a smaller mirrored hall, spinning, outdoor playing field with third-generation artificial grass, a tennis court, completed by a cinder, asphalt and grass surface). In addition to lazing in the water and horseback riding, mini-golf, tennis and other sports, you can also devote yourself to fishing. A great advantage of Luhačovice includes the numerous quality accommodations in modern hotels with supplementary services and special programmes for all groups of visitors, in family homes as well as private pensions, the rich options for dining, outings into the surroundings, and opportunities for effective relaxation.



Sport activities – Bowling

Sport centre Radostova – multi-purpose hall

Pozlovice

*Tourist-rich
village*



Reservoir

■ Pozlovice lies on the border of the White Carpathian protected scenic area. The character of the region is created by the reservoir, whose initial purpose was to control flooding, but today is used mainly for recreation. The landmark of the village is the renowned Catholic Church of St. Martin. Among the important cultural monuments are the cross above the church, a statue of St. John of Nepomuk, wayside crosses along the field roads to surrounding villages. Above the village are the ruins of the castle Starý Světlov. The village is characterised by its exceptional environment, excellent cuisine, and the interesting cultural programmes arranged here, highlighted by the festivals *Kulturní léto* (Cultural Summer) and *Hudební doteky* (Musical Sensation). The village offers leisure-time activities such as skittles, bowling, horseback riding, tennis courts, and also available are a groomed cross-country track, concerts and cultural performances.



Reservoir – convenient place for relaxation

Horse pasture – in the background is the church of St. Martin

Chamber – in the foreground is a statue of St. John of Nepomuk

Provodov



Pilgrimage site

*Pilgrimage site
surrounded by
legends*

■ The first mention of the pilgrimage site of Provodov (locally called “Na malenisku”) dates from the beginning of the 18th century and it is necessary to credit this to the source of medicinal waters, which apparently appeared to the wife of the local miller. The miller’s wife suffered from an eye illness and was healed after washing with water from the well. When the owner of the Luhačovice estate, Count Serenyi, was also healed in the same way, he had a chapel to the Blessed Virgin of the Snows built above the spring (1735). Since that time, the Provodov chapel has become the goal of many pilgrims from near and far, which continued even after its reconstruction into a small pilgrimage church in Baroque style in 1750, which stands to this day. The interior of the church is simple. Above the altar hangs a venerated image of the Blessed Virgin nursing, a very singular subject in our lands. Above the sacristy hangs an image of the Blessed Virgin of the Snows. The Way of the Cross was designed by Emil Brendl (from 1947), opposite the sacristy is the side altar of the Sacred Heart (from 1919). 52 steps lead to the entrance to the church. Nearby stands a small chapel with the spring bubbling up under the main altar, in the forest not far from the church leads a Way of the Cross. A spa once stood here, but it was gone by the 19th century.

Chapel of the Blessed Virgin of the Snow – pilgrimage site in Baroque style

Slavičín



Slavičín château – now serves as a restaurant and wine bar

English park – nature park, rebuilt into an English park in the 19th century



Getting-acquainted walks

City of Eastern Valašsko

■ The oldest building in the city is the church from the 13th century consecrated to St. Vojtěch (Adalbert). In 985, St. Vojtěch stayed here on the occasion of missionary travels from Hungary through the Vlárský průsmyk (Vlára Gap) into Moravia. Located on a knoll next to the church in the adjacent cemetery are monuments to the victims of the air battles above Slavičín. A second, smaller knoll in the centre of the city is dominated by the Baroque château from 1750 with an adjacent English park. Today the château serves for hospitality purposes, the public park is a place for relaxation and walks, with a children’s playground and a pavilion for musical activities, skittles, volleyball courts and an amphitheatre with a summer cinema. The establishment of ponds belongs to the history of the château, they have become a unique oasis and paradise for fishermen since their renovation. An educational trail around the Slavík pond provides a source of information about the flora and fauna.

Oasis of peace

Educational trails

■ The forest park was established in 1940 by the family of the owner of the local footwear factory JAPIS, Jan Pivečka. In addition to wooden sculptures, a complete wooden children's playground was also built in this park. At the Partnerships Stockholm conference in 2002, the Pivečka forest park was introduced as one of the 50 selected global projects for sustainable environment. The educational trails Tatarka, Po stopách osídlení Slovanů (On the Trail of Slavic Settlement), Okolo Nevšové (Around Nevšová), the Slavičín educational trail presents the nature and historical attractions of Slavičín and its vicinity. The rugged surroundings of Slavičín attract hikers and cycle tourists along marked trails in the White Carpathians, to the north again to the Vizovice hills. Slavičín is criss-crossed by a dense network of cycling routes. The local Klub českých turistů (Czech Hikers' Club) maintains a more than thirty-year tradition of Slavičín sixty-kilometre hikes, membership in the Svaz ochránců přírody (Association of Nature Conservators) founded the tradition of Otvírání studánek (The Opening of the Wells) with an outing to spring nature.



English park – arbour

Cycle touring route – ideal for family outings

Pivečka forest park – wooden bridge



Brumov-Bylnice



Homage to trades

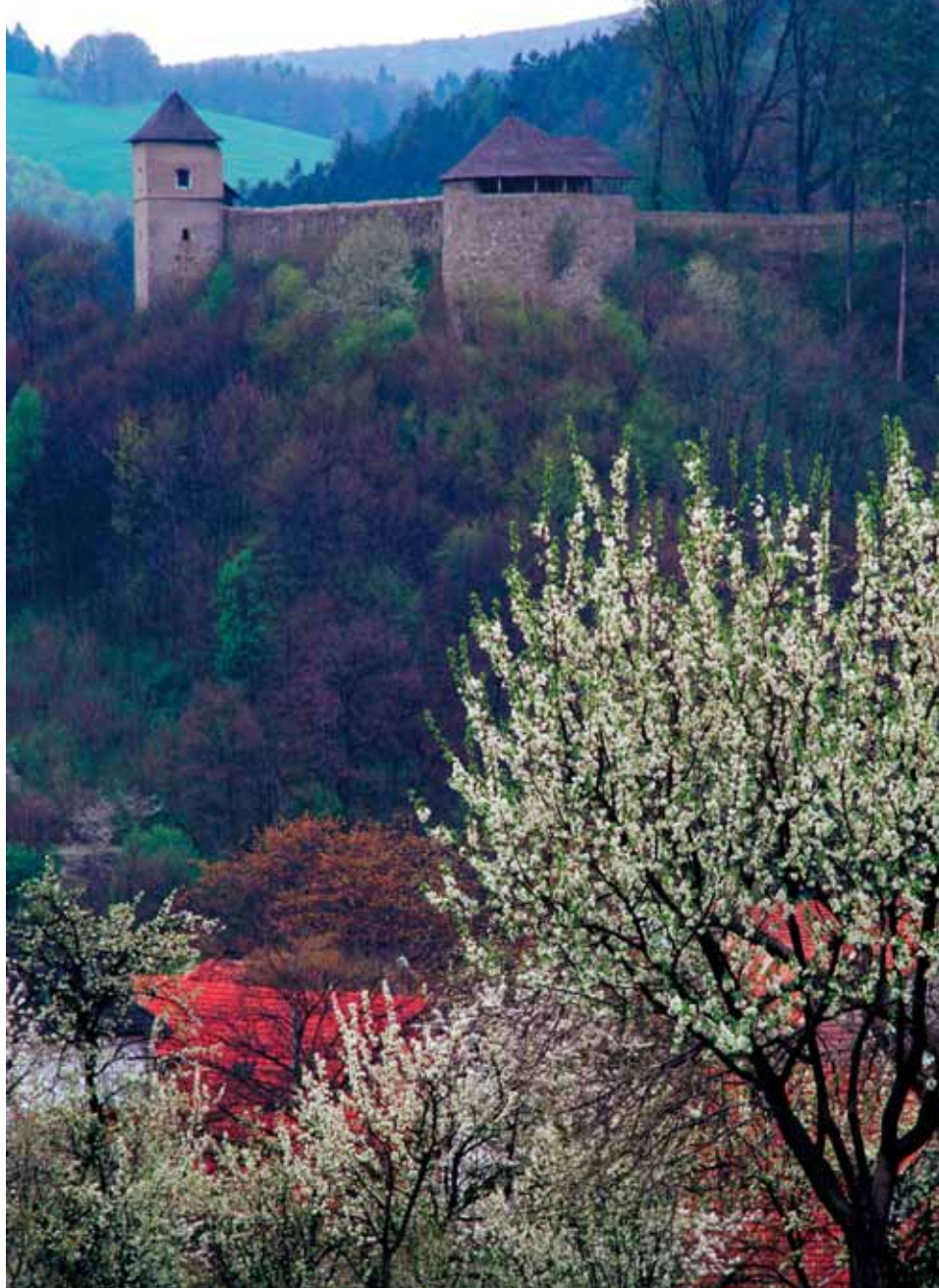
Monuments

■ The remnants of the royal castle of Brumov are considered the most famous monument of the city. After completing exhaustive archaeological research, the castle was rebuilt and opened to the public. In the cellars of the upper castle is a permanent exhibition about the fate of the place with exhibits discovered during research. The lower castle is used for cultural purposes. The parish church of St. Václav (Wenceslas) is the second most famous historical monument of the city. The beginnings of the church, in regard to its consecration and the results of historical-archaeological research, have been established as the middle of the 13th century. Among the architectonic monuments are the town hall, the newly reconstructed fountain from 1868, rare statues in the park and the Jewish cemetery, the only one of its kind in Zlínsko. The complex of the building of the former brewery from 1573 forms the oldest industrial enterprise in Valašsko. Preserved in the village of Sidonie are houses in a glassmakers' colony and an oven for collective bread baking. In 1995, the historic centre of Brumov and the workers' colony in Sidonie were declared an urban monument zone.

Sidonie – colony of glassmakers, houses from the end of the 19th century

Museum – exhibition concentrating on the life of people below the Brumov castle

Jewish cemetery – 50 gravestones primarily of the Classicist type. The oldest gravestone dates from 1785



Brumov castle – lies on a marked hiking trail to Jelenovská, recreation facility above Valašské Klobouky.

Cycling tours – marked routes, beautiful views

Relaxation in the fresh air

Movement in nature

■ Brumovsko is located along the basin of the Vlára river and lies in the White Carpathian protected scenic area. The surrounding nature is meant for tourism, recreation and rest. The hallmark of the attractive environs of the city is furnished by marked hiking trails, groomed runs with ski lifts and cross-country ski tracks in the vicinity. Among the most visited localities of the five thousand of the city are the recreational centres of Jelenovská and Královec. Cross-country ski tracks here are considered by experts to be a winter treat. In the city are a swimming pool, a field for ball games, tennis courts, a skate park and a rehabilitation centre. In the vicinity of the city is a riding school.



Valašské Klobouky



A tradition of folk architecture

Monument zone

■ The historic centre of the city was declared an urban monument zone in 1995. In front of the museum building stands a Renaissance pillory, one of the oldest preserved here. Located on the square is a statue of St. John of Nepomuk and a Marian column, as well as several architectonic monuments. The parish Church of the Holy Cross with a Gothic core was rebuilt in Baroque style in the second half of the 18th century. Part of the monument zone includes several timbered buildings standing on former suburbs. The collections of the museum are housed in the rooms of two historically valuable urban buildings. Housed in the Staré radnice (Old Town Hall) is a permanent exhibit, “Pravěk jižního Valašska” (Prehistory of Southern Wallachia). The Červený dům (Red House) dates from 1781, where awaiting visitors are interiors of urban domesticity and exhibits documenting the development of cloth manufacture, the linen trade, and dye-making in the city. The traditional magnet that attracts many tourists to the city every year is the Valašské kumštování in July, in August there is the music festival Setkání muzikantů v Bílých Karpatech (Meeting of Musicians in the White Carpathians). At the end of the year is the supra-regional Valašský mikulášský jarmark (Wallachian St. Nicholas’s Fair).

Renaissance pillory – among the oldest preserved here

Folk architecture – timbered buildings



*In harmony
with nature*



Natural localities

■ Located in the vicinity of the city is an array of very notable natural localities. Among the most precious is the Bílé Potoky (White Brook) nature preserve. This is an original preserved White Carpathian meadow with bubbling calcareous springs and numerous pseudo-karst phenomena. The drone bee orchid - *Ophrys holoserice* is one rare flower. The Javorůvky nature preserve enchants visitors with a series of hidden wells, as well as rare flowers, particularly orchid growth. The Dobšena nature preserve is a lovely blossoming meadow. It offers views of the main height of the White Carpathians, and also occurring here is an array of protected plants, as well as the once abundant juniper. The non-state forest preserve of Ščůrnica is a one-hundred-year old fir-beech growth with a natural rejuvenating effect. The forest has been left to develop naturally. Environmental conservators and other enthusiasts, who are not indifferent to the fate of nature and landscape, participate actively in its protection, which is shown by the hand cutting and harvesting of hay using traditional technology. They also work to revitalize the old orchards with traditional strains of fruit. Sheep grazing has been renewed here as well.

Dobšena – traditional meadow mowing

Javorůvky – nature preserve

Bílé potoky – nature preserve

Ploština

National cultural monument



*Memorial to
the victims
of fascism*



Monument

■ The Národní kulturní památník Ploština (Ploština National Cultural Monument) is located on the site of the pasturage settlement of Ploština about 5 km to the northwest of Valašské Klobouky. Until 1945, several dozen people lived in Ploština. On 19 April 1945, the village was burned to the ground by German occupiers for aiding and abetting partisans. In the 1970s, Ploština was declared a National Cultural Monument. One of the local houses was modified by the Muzeum jihovýchodní Moravy ve Zlíně for museum purposes. The exhibition installed in it is devoted to the history of the anti-fascist struggle in the Zlín district. Located near Ploština is another destroyed village – Vařákovy paseky.



Zlínsko Luhačovské Zálesí



Chamber – Hřivínův Újezd

Čertův kámen – Provodov

Rolling mill – Slopné

Biskupice – modern chapel of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, Baroque statue of St. John of Nepomuk, hiking tours and cycling outings, children's playground and multipurpose sport area

Bohuslavice nad Vlčí – Baroque sandstone statue of St. Florian, chapel of the Blessed Virgin of Perpetual Aid, trout preserve used for fishing

Bohuslavice bei Zlína – newly built chapel of the Visitation of the Blessed Virgin, facilities for indoor football, newly built tennis courts and multi-purpose field.

Bratřejov – parish Catholic Church of St. Cyril and St. Methodius in Neo-gothic style

Březnice – Church of St. Bartholomew, House No. 21 with granary and fruit drying house

Březová – life-sized memorial to T. G. Masaryk, a small memorial to fallen citizens from the First World War, football field

Březůvky – modern chapel of St. Anežka Česká (St. Agnes of Bohemia), healthy area with multi-purpose water reservoir, vacation stays for children, professional training in riding and grooming horses, covered riding hall and outdoor grassy riding area, outdoor pool

Dešná – Všemina natural reservoir, swimming, fishing, volleyball and netball courts, tennis courts, pool, horseback riding, hiking trails, mountain bike rental

Dobrkovice – the Baroque statue of St. John the Baptist from 1744, one of the highest quality sculptural works in the surroundings of Zlín, is a protected cultural monument. Occurrence of minerals – glauconite

Dolní Lhota – Among the local attractions is a timbered mill with remnants of the equipment and business accessories

Doubřavy – timbered bell tower on a knoll and masonry floored pantry – granary at No. 21

Drnovice – new Church of St. Anežka Česká, monument at Ploština, mushrooming, hiking, cycle touring



Držková – school built in 1891, wooden bell tower, abundant recreational cottages, excellent conditions for hiking and cycle touring, multi-purpose water reservoir, mountain climbing on four rock formations

Fryšták – House No. 1 known as Hrubá hospoda, the house of Ignatius Stuchly, Baroque statue of John of Nepomuk

Halenkovice – parish church of St. Joseph with spire, Baroque statues of St. Peter and St. Paul, bell tower, natural monument sandstone rocks and caves at Budačina, hiking, regional cycling routes

Haluzice – bell tower, timbered building with hexagonal floor plan

Horní Lhota – Church of St. Dionysius, ruins of the Sehrad castle, cross to Cyril and Methodius near the church, wayside shrine at House No. 77, former water mill, farmstead grounds at No. 29, White Carpathian protected scenic area, hiking, cycle touring

Hostišovná – Baroque cross, chapel of the Visitation of the Blessed Virgin

Hrobice – bell tower, chapel to Our Lady of Sorrows with park landscaping of the adjacent vicinity, hiking routes from the Vizovice to the Hostýn hills

Hřivínův Újezd – chambers at Nos. 11 and 19

Hvozdná – Church of All Saints, sport and recreational fishing, trails for hiking and cycling

Jestřabí – chapel of Our Lady of the Holy Hostýn, typical cottages for southern Valašsko

Kaňovice – chapel consecrated to Our Lady Dispenser of Grace, farming homestead and warehouse

Karlovice – chapel of Our Lady of Good Council, cross of the village with the shield of the Salm-Neuburgs, sport grounds for netball, tennis and football, numerous hiking trails

Kašava – Church of St. Catherine, natural lake on an elevated plateau, terrain for hiking in summer and winter

Kelníky – small chapel consecrated to St. Zdislava, stone cross

Komárov – archaeological discoveries of culture with linear ceramics, small Church of St. Anthony, grounds with football and netball fields

Křekov – chapel of the Blessed Virgin

Lhota – Church of St. Anne

Lhotsko – this village is part of the Přírodní park Vizovické vrchy (Vizovice Hills Nature Park)

Lípa – folklore tradition, remnants of original beech growth and trees nearly two hundred years old, hiking trails, cycling routes, ranch with possibilities for riding and instruction on horseback riding

Lipová – chapel of the Blessed Virgin, House No. 79, larder at 22, White Carpathian protected scenic area, cycling routes, sport area, multi-purpose water reservoir

Loučka – wooden bell tower, stone cross, small monument “na Vítovoch”, hiking or cycle touring

Ludkovice – wayside shrine, monument with Christ on the Cross, reservoir for potable water with lovely surroundings, swimming pool, sport area

Lukoveček – chapel to Our Lady of Good Help, 250-year-old linden, Masaryk monument, neological discoveries of culture with coil ceramics and discoveries from the Bronze Age, traces of the Přilepy town walls

Lutonína – timbered pantry at No. 34, strong mineral spring, cycling path



Machová – two crosses, replica of a local bell tower, statue of the Blessed Virgin, skittles grounds, sport area with swimming pool and wading pool, tennis courts, fish pond

Mysločovice – Church of the Holy Trinity, sandstone rocks, Kutrova quarry and Petrova rock

Návojná – Wallachian wooden building, particularly House No. 4, châtea, hiking, cycle touring, swimming pool

Nedašov – objects of Wallachian timbered construction at Nos. 91 and 61, operating all types of winter sport, summer and winter hiking, cycling paths

Nedašova Lhota – wooden timbered bell tower, wooden cottage No. 105, four-wheeled manual fire engine from 1902, hiking trails

Neubuz – chapel of St. Florian, preserve with deer and mouflon breeding, sport and agricultural airfield near Bílá Hlína with possibilities for sightseeing flights

Oldřichovice – Church of St. Zdislava (stone from Mount Olive in Jerusalem and the remains of St. Zdislava are built into the sacrificial table), Oldřichovice bells, monument to T. G. Masaryk, pilgrimage site Svatá voda (Holy Water)

Ostrata – stone cross, community oven, cycling paths leading from Zlín through Ostrata to other areas of the region, hiking

Petrůvka – statue of St. Florian, cycling routes to the Jižní Valašsko and Slavičínsko micro-regions, wonderful views

Podhradí – timbered bell tower typical for the Luhačovské Zálesí area, extensive ruins of the Starý Světlov castle, sulphurous spring called Sirčena

Podkopná Lhota – chapel of St. Wenceslas, statue of the Blessed Virgin, Holy Hostýn Wallachian wooden cottage, amenable for hiking as well as bicycle riding

Pohařelice – Baroque Church of St. John of Nepomuk, château, Baroque Church of St. Giles, the event of the year is the May Pilgrimage

Poteč – Bročkova wooden cottage, chapel of St. Cyril and St. Methodius, chapel of St. Wenceslas, valuable natural locality of the Ploštiny nature preserve, hiking and cycle touring

Raková – small chapel, monument, social events of the former tradition of Hanácké právo (the Rights of Haná), multi-purpose water reservoir

Rokytnice – chapel of St. Anne, wooden bell tower, sandstone cross, chapel of St. Cyril and St. Methodius, the village comes under the Beskydsko-karpatská magistrála (Beskyd-Carpathian Main Line), educational trail, excellent conditions for cycle touring, possible to use the ski areas in some of the neighbouring villages or in Slovakia

Rudimov – timbered wooden bell tower, stone cross, Slavic fortified site called "Gradca", archaeological locality, Slavic burial mounds

Sazovice – bell tower, sport area, swimming pool

Sehradice – cross with relief adornment, swimming pool available

Slopné – technical monument – cylindrical mill, water reservoir with possibilities for swimming, 380m-long ski tow with night skiing

Slušovice – parish Church of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist, horse racing grounds with the largest banked track in Moravia, golf course for beginners, airfield with possibilities for sightseeing flights over the region, covered



hall and outdoor multi-purpose field, tennis court with artificial surface, course for mini-golf, hiking and cycling routes

Spytihněv – this interesting locality on the Baťa Canal is an area with rentals of motorboats and fishing tackle, it is also possible to select combined boating with cycling, the Moravian Cycling Path route, swimming in summer, from Spring to Autumn option for sport fishing

Šanov – stone cross, timbered barn at House No. 25, hiking route passes through the village, ski tow

Šarovy – a stronghold stood at the end of the village and no remnants have been preserved.

Štítná nad Vláří-Popov – parish Church of St. Joseph, statue of St. John of Nepomuk, chapel of St. Peter and St. Paul, Popov celebration, tennis courts, swimming pool and sport equipment rental, ski tow, hiking and cycling routes

Tečovice – Church of St. James the Greater built in Romanesque style and rebuilt in Baroque style, cross, small chapel

Tichov – discovered cremation burial grounds beneath mounds from the Early and Late Bronze Ages

Tlumačov – Church of St. Martin, Manor House No. 90, nearby is the famous nesting site for waterfowl and migratory birds, Záhlinické rybníky natural park, cycle touring, provincial stud farm raising breeding stock horses

Trnava – wooden structures, church of the Visitation of the Blessed Virgin, located on the territory of the village is a unique juniper meadow, marked routes, cycle touring, hiking, two ski tows in operation during the winter, Trnava is one of the longest members of the secessionist Wallachian kingdom

Ublo – memorial, preserved wooden cottages

Újezd – archaeological locality, Church of St. Nicholas in the style of pure Empire, monumental ancient linden, tastings of plum brandy from Újezd, Marian pilgrimage, summer film festival at the swimming pool, cycle touring, ski tow, cross-country ski tracks

Velký Dřevohov – monumental Baroque parish Church of St. Wenceslas, quality sculptural adornments of the village, small château from the 18th century, enchanting view of the Chřiby hills with the Buchlov castle, Vizovice highlands and the White Carpathians with the Javořina and Lopeník hills

Veselá – small chapel consecrated to St. Anne

Vlachova Lhota – timbered wooden cottage, statue of John of Nepomuk

Vlachovice – the Church of St. Michael the Archangel ranks among the oldest in Moravia, Baroque statue of St. John of Nepomuk, in the village are a swimming pool, tourist hostel, the sport area serves for sporting use with a grassy football field, beach volleyball and a field with an artificial surface, ski tow

Vičková – small chapel with a carved cross, the Ondřejovsko natural monument is located here with forested rocky ridges, the Bzová natural monument

Všemina – Baroque Church of St. John of Nepomuk, artificial lake with cottage area, health grounds and hotel (offers covered pool, sauna, massage, solarium, table tennis, billiards, bowling, darts), riding or instruction for horseback riding, good conditions for cross-country or downhill skiing.



Ski slope 250m long with artificial snow and lighting, ski equipment rental, ski school and children's day care, covered tennis hall, tennis school and service

Vysoké Pole – remains of a prehistoric fortified site from the Late Bronze Age, pilgrimage chapel of the Blessed Virgin called "Vysocká" with a source of good water nearby, former pasturage settlement of Ploština is a National Cultural Monument, Klášťov hill with remnants of a prehistoric fortified site, rock formation called "Čertův kámen" (Devil's Stone), Vizovice hill cycling path

Zádvěřice-Raková – evangelical church, bells, Building No. 124 is a display of pasturage farmstead, cycling route, lookout tower on Doubrava hill

Žlutava – Church of St. Cyril and St. Methodius, marked cycling route to Chřiby, ranch in Kostelany, Brdo lookout tower

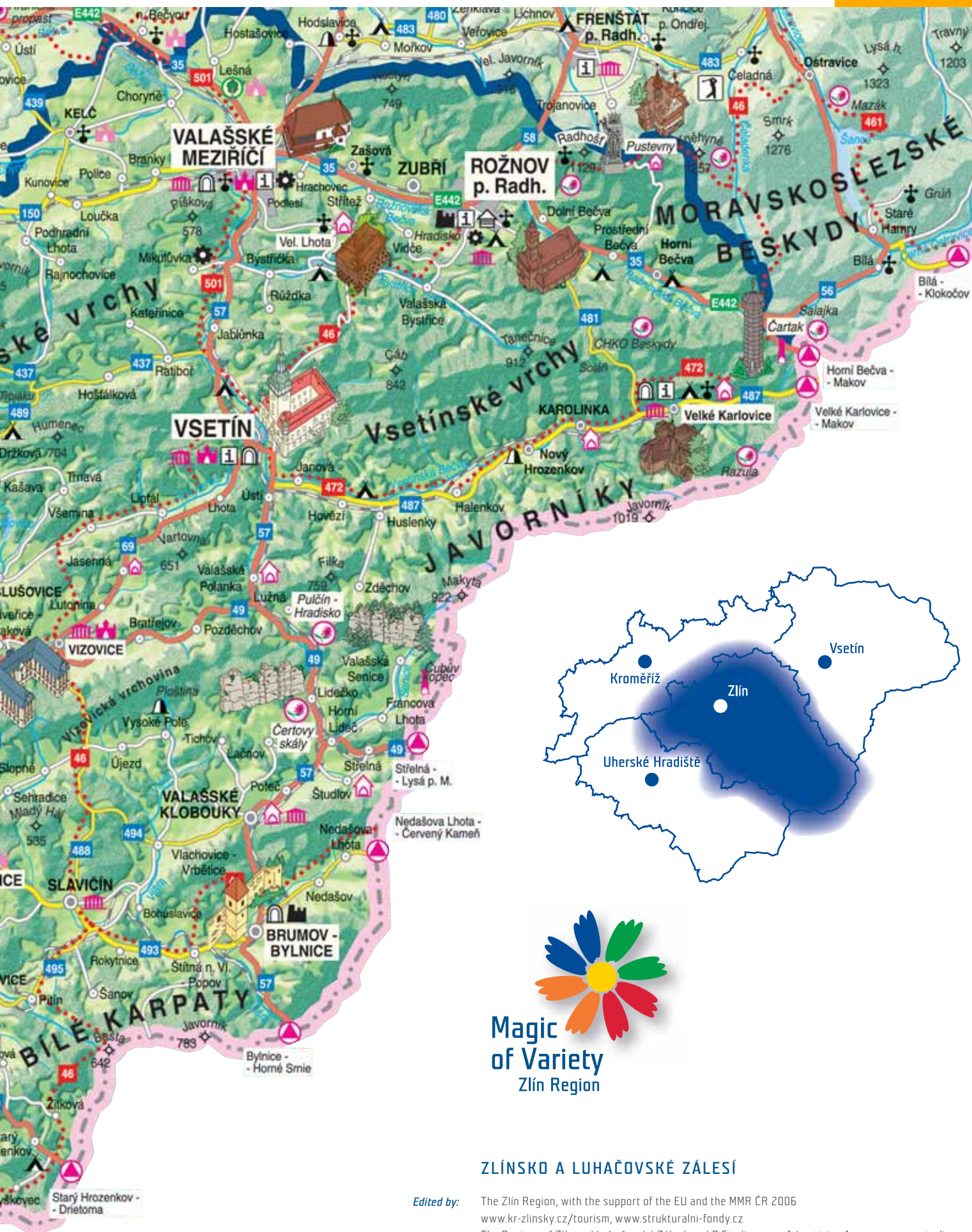
Pasture – horse breeding in Napajedla

Warehouses – Kaňovice

Church of St. Dionysius – Horní Lhota







Magic of Variety
Zlín Region

ZLÍNSKO A LUHAČOVSKÉ ZÁLESÍ

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SLOVACKO

Member of the network of tourist information centres for the Slovácko
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